22 Aug 1966

MEMORANDUM FOR: E/SC/Finland

ATTENTION:

SUBJECT: Use of Ukrainian CP Letter in Finland

2. We like your suggestion that the letter be made available to Pentti Saarikoski. Mailing would seem the most practicable way to get the letter to the recipient. We had in mind mailing from Yugoslavia. There are Ukrainian colonies in Yugoslavia and Soviet Ukrainians are known to travel there. The Yugoslav section advised that mailing the letter would be no problem, and appropriate stationery and typewriter are available from TSD.

3. Although the document itself is in Ukrainian, the covering letter, which will be hand-written, could be in German as suggested in your memorandum, as there would be many Soviet Ukrainians with a knowledge of the German language.

4. It is not necessary that the envelope in which the letter is mailed carry a return address. We are advised that this is not mandatory in Yugoslavia and that letters frequently do not carry a return address, even for international mailing. Since it is desired that it appear that the letter was carried to Yugoslavia by a Soviet Ukrainian and mailed to Finland by a Ukrainian resident of Yugoslavia, it would not be unusual for the covering letter not to carry the name of the sender. The document itself is signed "Ukrainian Communists".

5. There is no objection to multiple recipients. However, if the document is mailed to Saarikoski, it would seem best to withold mailing to other addressees, at least for a couple of months, pending Saarikoski's reaction. It is believed that sufficient time has expired since the last mailing of the document from Yugoslavia to 5 recipients in Italy in mid-June 1965. There was no overgreaction to the document from Italian sources. However, one copy of a hand-written summary was spotted among the papers of an Italian Communist.

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY BOURGES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B VAZIWAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT DATE 2007

Acting Chief, SB/S/CA